

Name _____

Period _____

AP Biology

Date _____

RAVEN CHAPTER 12 GUIDED NOTES: SEXUAL REPRODUCTION & MEIOSIS

1. Define the following terms.

a. gametes _____

b. somatic cells _____

c. zygote _____

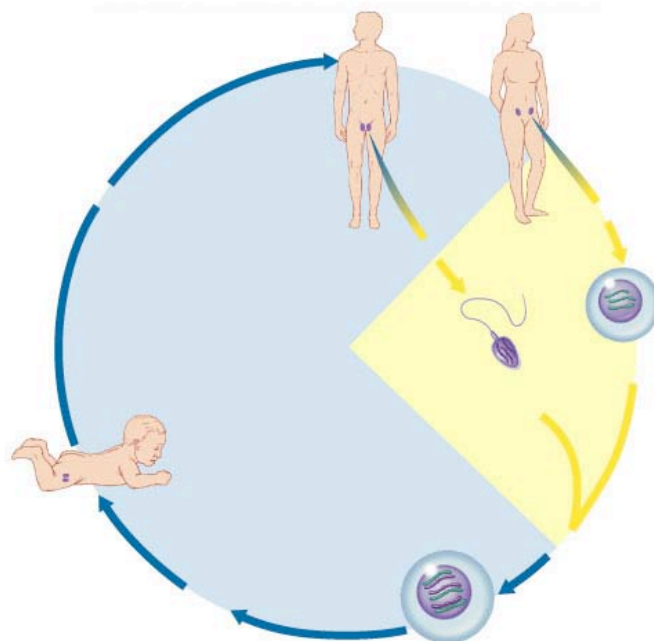
d. fertilization _____

e. diploid _____

f. haploid _____

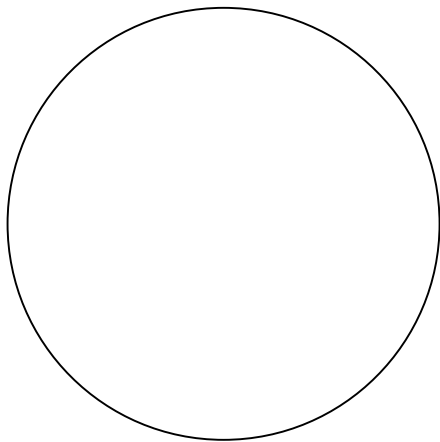
2. Why is meiosis called “reduction division”? Why is this process necessary for sexual reproduction?

3. Label the diagram of the human lifecycle. Include the chromosome numbers at each stage.

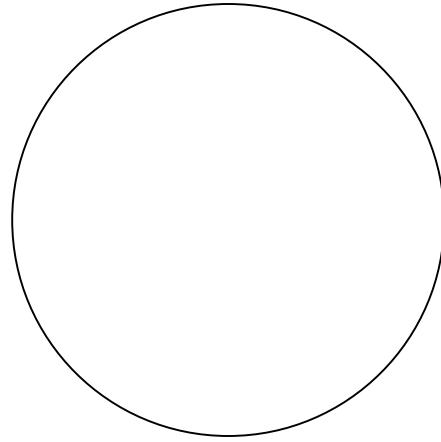


4. Explain synapsis.

5. Use the diagrams below to distinguish mitosis from meiosis. For an organism where $2n=4$, draw a cell at **metaphase of mitosis** and a cell at **metaphase 1 of meiosis**.



Metaphase of mitosis



Metaphase 1 of meiosis

6. Meiosis is said to be a double division. Explain.

7. Draw a pair of homologous chromosomes in synapsis and then illustrate a crossing over event and the products of crossing over. Label the chiasmata.

8. At what stage of meiosis does crossing over occur? _____

9. Compare the products of mitosis with meiosis.

a. Mitosis _____

b. Meiosis _____

10. Summarize the significant differences between mitosis and meiosis.

MITOSIS	MEIOSIS

11. Meiosis is an important source of variation. Define and describe how each of the following contributes to variation within a species.

a. independent assortment _____

b. crossing over _____

c. random fertilization _____

12. What is the significance of genetic variation to natural selection and evolution?

